Name of	
	2
-	
Shirt.	

Date •	of	Plan:	
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Diabetes Medical Management Plan

Effective Dates:					
This plan should be completed by the student's personal health care team and parents/guardian. It should be reviewed with relevant school staff and copies should be kept in a place that is easily accessed by the school nurse, trained diabetes personnel, and other authorized personnel.					
Student's Name:					
Date of Diabetes I	Diagnosis:				
Grade: Homeroom Teacher:					
be 1 Diabetes type 2					
Work	Cell				
der:					
Emergency Numb	er:				
Work	Cell				
ey contact in the following situ	nations:				
	e student's personal health can not copies should be kept in a d other authorized personnel. Date of Diabetes II Homeroom Teachers 1 Diabetes type 2 Work Work Emergency Numbers 1 Emergency Numbers 2	e student's personal health care team and parents/guardian. It should copies should be kept in a place that is easily accessed by the standard other authorized personnel. Date of Diabetes Diagnosis: Homeroom Teacher: be 1 Diabetes type 2 Work Cell Work Cell Emergency Number:			

Diabetes Medical Management Plan Continued

Blood Glucose Monitoring	
Target range for blood glucose is \Box 70	-150 🗖 70-180 🗖 Other
Usual times to check blood glucose	
Times to do extra blood glucose checks □ before exercise □ after exercise □ when student exhibits symptoms of □ when student exhibits symptoms of □ other (explain):	hyperglycemia hypoglycemia
Can student perform own blood glucos	
*	
Type of blood glucose meter student us	es:
Insulin	
units or does flexible dosing using	lar insulin at lunch (circle type of rapid-/short-acting insulin used) is ng units/ grams carbohydrate. De of insulin used): intermediate/NPH/lente units or
Insulin Correction Doses	
Parental authorization should be obtaing glucose levels. Yes No	ed before administering a correction dose for high blood
units if blood glucose is	to mg/dl
units if blood glucose is	to mg/dl
units if blood glucose is	to mg/dl
units if blood glucose is	to mg/dl
units if blood glucose is	to mg/dl
Can student give own injections? Can student determine correct amount of Can student draw correct dose of insuli	of insulin? ☐ Yes ☐ No
Parents are authorized to adjust	the insulin dosage under the following circumstances:
For Students With Insulin Pumps	
Type of pump:	Basal rates: 12 am to
	to
	to
Type of insulin in pump:	
Type of infusion set:	
Insulin/carbohydrate ratio:	Correction factor:

Diabetes Medical Management Plan Continued

Student Pump Abilities/Sk	ills:	Needs A	ssistance		
Count carbohydrates Bolus correct amount for Calculate and administer of Calculate and set basal pro Calculate and set tempora Disconnect pump Reconnect pump at infusi Prepare reservoir and tubi Insert infusion set Troubleshoot alarms and re	corrective bolus ofiles ry basal rate on set ng	☐ Yes	□ No		
For Students Taking Or	al Diabetes Medications				
Type of medication:				Timing:	
Other medications:				Timing:	
Meals and Snacks Eater Is student independent in	n at School carbohydrate calculations a	ınd manaş	gement?	☐Yes ☐ No	
Meal/Snack	Time		Food co	ontent/amount	
Breakfast .					
Mid-morning snack					
Lunch					
Mid-afternoon snack					***
Dinner					
Snack before exercise?	☐ Yes ☐ No				
Snack after exercise?	☐Yes ☐ No				
Other times to give snac	ks and content/amount:_				
Preferred snack foods: _					
Foods to avoid, if any: _					
Instructions for when foo	od is provided to the class ((e.g., as p	art of a c	class party or food sam	pling event):
Exercise and Sports					
A fast-acting carbohydra available at the site of ex	ate such asxercise or sports.				should be
Restrictions on activity,	if any:				
	cise if blood glucose levelurine ketones are present.	is below		mg/dl or above	mg/dl

Diabetes Medical Management Plan Continued

Hypoglycemia (Low Blood Sugar)			
Usual symptoms of hypoglycemia:			
Treatment of hypoglycemia:			
	us, having a seizure (convulsion), or unable to swallow. ection:arm,thigh,other.		
If glucagon is required, administer it promptly. Then, parents/guardian.	, call 911 (or other emergency assistance) and the		
Hyperglycemia (High Blood Sugar)			
Usual symptoms of hyperglycemia:			
Treatment of hyperglycemia:			
Urine should be checked for ketones when blood glud	cose levels are above mg/dl.		
Treatment for ketones:			
Supplies to be Kept at School			
Blood glucose meter, blood glucose test strips, batteries for meterLancet device, lancets, gloves, etcUrine ketone stripsInsulin vials and syringes	Insulin pump and suppliesInsulin pen, pen needles, insulin cartridgesFast-acting source of glucoseCarbohydrate containing snackGlucagon emergency kit		
Signatures This Diabetes Medical Management Plan has beer	approved by:		
Student's Physician/Health Care Provider	Date		
''s Diabetes Medical Management	rm and carry out the diabetes care tasks as outlined by Plan. I also consent to the release of the information to all staff members and other adults who have custodial		
Student's Parent/Guardian	Date		
Student's Parent/Guardian	Date		